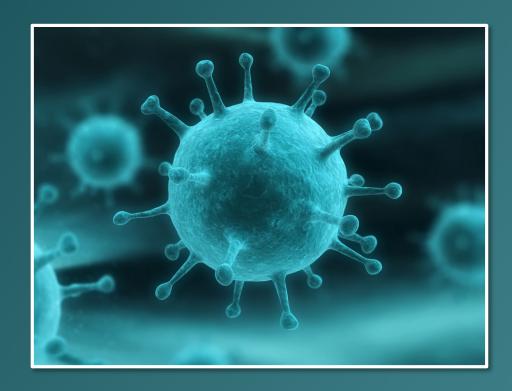
COVID-19

An End Stage Renal Disease (ESRD) National Coordinating Center (NCC)

Professional Education Quickinar





April 9, 2020

Agenda



- What is this call about?
- Today's speaker
 - Dr. Christos Argyropoulos
 Division Chief, Nephrology
 University of New Mexico
 - Pivoting to telehealth in the dialysis setting
- Questions and answers (Q&A) from chat and Q&A panels



What Is This Call About?



- Hear from stakeholders in the ESRD community adapting to COVID-19.
- Provide real-world strategies for facilities to put into use.
- Engage in weekly calls on varying topics.

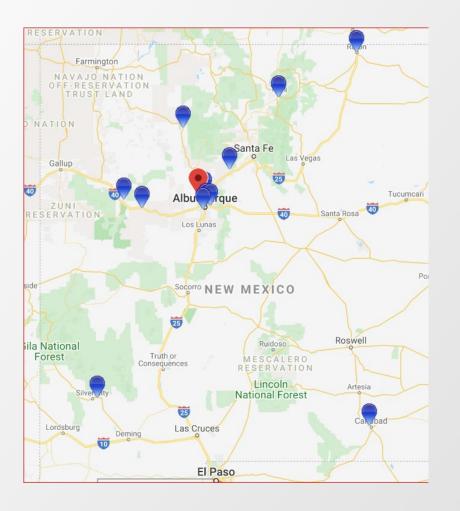


Dr. Christos Argyropoulos

Division Chief, Nephrology University of New Mexico









Context



- Last week of March, three nephrologists were PUI for COVID-19
 - Turn around time for tests: ~6 days (now 24 hrs.)
 - Needed to complete some assessments
 - Shelter-at-home order by the Governor
 - Shared staff among many of our facilities
- Patients are concerned that we would not be able to assess them on dialysis/take care prescriptions.
- We decided to pilot the telehealth interaction for acceptability (this was the day CMS released their ESRD document).

CMS = The Center for Medicare & Medicaid Services; PUI = Persons under investigation



Telehealth Set-up



- University of New Mexico faculty Zoom accounts
- Clinicians set up the meetings themselves (one 2 hr. meeting per shift—the nurse manager prespecified the time for the meeting).
- An email was sent out to the nurse manager with the invitation.
- Dialysis Clinic, Inc. (DCI) laptops were mounted on trays-on-wheels (we use them during face-to-face rounds).
- Meeting run entirely over facility Wi-Fi
- Consent was not obtained at this time (we felt it was justified because of guidance given about non-ESRD services), but will be obtained prior to the next visit.



Process



• Distant site:

- Ultrawide screen monitors running on a single computer
- Laptop (for Zoom) + second computer for dialysis EMR (and our hospital EMR for consults/appointments for patients who are plugged in UNM)

• Rounds:

- Nurse manager verified patient identification information
- Reviewed vitals, physical exam findings (lungs/edema/access)
- Laptop moved from dialysis station to dialysis station: interviewed the patient, rotated field of view to capture the dialysis machine in real time (a few patients were on critlines that day)
- Home dialysis "rounds": used alternative platforms because nearly all of our patients refused to Zoom

EMR = Electronic medical record UNM = University of New Mexico



Summary of Observations



- Rounds concluded within the same time frame as face-to-face rounds.
- Patients were pleasantly surprised to see their nephrologist.
- Reassured them that face-to-face visits will take place (telehealth visits will only be used if patients are stable).
- Many of the senior nephrologists expressed concerns about not seeing their patients.
- Consensus that the frequency of visits should remain at the same level (2–4 per unit).
- Some of the remote clinic patients asked whether it may be possible to have more frequent interaction since driving to the units is no longer a concern.
- Home dialysis patients expressed wish to use alternative platforms for these interactions.



Let Us Hear From You



Questions from Q&A and chat panels



Our Next COVID-19 Awareness Events



- Our next call:
 - April 15, 2020, at 5 p.m. ET
 - David Arrieta
 Chief Financial & Operating Officer
 Nephrology Associates
 - Operationalizing Telehealth at the Nephrology Practice
- Visit https://esrdncc.org/en/covid-19/covid-quickinars/ to register.



Thank You!

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844.472.4250

813.865.3545

www.esrdncc.org

Additional COVID-19 Resources for Patients and Providers:



Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/

https://www.kcercoalition.com/en/covid-19/



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CMS Flexibilities to Fight COVID-19



- To ensure that local hospitals and health systems have the capacity to handle a potential surge of COVID-19 patients through temporary expansion sites (also known as CMS Hospital Without Walls);
- Remove barriers for physicians, nurses, and other clinicians to be readily hired from the community or from other states so the healthcare system can rapidly expands its workforce;
- Increase access to telehealth in Medicare to ensure patients have access to physicians and other clinicians while keeping patients safe at home;
- Expand in-place testing to allow for more testing at home or in community based settings; and
- Put Patients Over Paperwork to give temporary relief from many paperwork



Patients Over Paperwork



- CMS is waiving the "on-time" requirements for the initial and follow-up comprehensive assessments.
- Applied to all members of the interdisciplinary team.
- There are expectations for the assessment, adequacy of the dialysis, and assessing the patient's needs.
- Waived:
 - Implementation for initial care plan within 30 days for new patients
 - Updated care plans
 - Monthly in-person visit if the patient is clinically stable



Patient Over Paperwork (cont.)



- Temporary expansion sites (CMS Facility without walls)
 - ESRD facilities may temporarily provide services to skilled nursing facility (SNF)/nursing facility (NF) patients offsite rather than in the facility.
 - Special Purpose Renal Dialysis Facilities (SPRDF) to address the need of COVID-19 patients and to mitigate transmission
 - Approval of SPRDF does not require federal survey and determination of standard of access to care does not apply.
- Transferability of physician and Advanced Practice Professional (APP) credentialing to provide care at designated isolation locations.
- Allow Patient Care technician (PCT) to continue working even if they
 have not achieved certification within 18 months or have not met on
 time renewals.



Summary and Remaining Questions



Favorable regulatory framework to expand telehealth services to (home) dialysis Initial experience suggests high patient engagement (but will the novelty wear off?)

Quality metrics probably need to be adapted if we are to continue this after COVID-19

Technological improvements imply that the definition of "service" has to change (e.g., if a patient self diagnoses volume overload and the team responds via a connected health domain, why should one even require a video conference?)

How can telehealth be made affordable to socioeconomically-vulnerable populations who may not be able to afford broadband and/or the telehealth peripherals?

